

Annex [XX]
referred to in Chapter [X]

Specific Commitments
for the Movement of Natural Persons

Part 1
Specific Commitments of Japan

Japan may require a natural person of Turkey seeking entry and temporary stay under the terms and conditions set out in each Section of this Part to obtain an appropriate visa or its equivalent prior to entry.

Section 1
Short-Term Business Visitors of Turkey

Entry and temporary stay for a period not exceeding 90 days, which may be extended, shall be granted to a natural person of Turkey who will stay in Japan without acquiring remuneration from within Japan and without engaging in making direct sales to the general public or in selling goods or supplying services himself or herself, for the purposes of participating in business contacts including negotiations for the sale of goods or the supply of services, or other similar activities including those to prepare for establishing commercial presence in Japan.

Section 2
Intra-Corporate Transferees of Turkey

1. Entry and temporary stay for a period not exceeding five years, which may be extended, shall be granted to a natural person of Turkey who has been employed by a public or private organisation that sells goods or supplies services in Japan or by a public or private organisation that invests in Japan for a period not less than one year immediately preceding the date of his or her application for the entry and temporary stay in Japan, and who is being transferred to its branch office or its representative office in Japan, or a public or private organisation constituted or organised in Japan owned or controlled by or affiliated with the aforementioned public or private organisation, under the following status:

- (a) executives, who are engaged in activities to direct a public or private organisation as its board member or auditor;
- (b) senior managers, who are engaged in activities to direct a branch office or a representative office

as its head or activities to direct one or more departments of a public or private organisation ; and

- (c) specialists, who are engaged in activities which require technology or knowledge at an advanced level pertinent to natural sciences, including physical sciences and engineering, or to human sciences, including jurisprudence, economics, business management and accounting, or activities which require ideas and sensitivity based on culture of a country other than Japan, recognised under the status of residence of "Engineer/Specialist in Humanities/International Services" provided for in the Immigration Control and Refugee Recognition Act (Cabinet Order No. 319 of 1951, as amended):

Note: For the purposes of this Part, a public or private organisation is "affiliated" with another public or private organisation when the latter can significantly affect the decision making of the former on finance and business policy.

2. The activities which require technology or knowledge at an advanced level pertinent to natural or human sciences referred to in subparagraph 1(c) mean the activities in which the natural person may not be able to engage without the application of specialised technology or knowledge of natural or human sciences acquired by him or her, in principle, by completing college education (i.e. bachelor's degree, associate's degree awarded through graduating from a junior college, or their equivalents) or higher education.

Section 3 Qualified Professionals of Turkey

Entry and temporary stay for a period not exceeding five years, which may be extended, shall be granted to a natural person of Turkey who is a legal, accounting or taxation service supplier qualified under the laws and regulations of Japan and who will engage in one of the following activities during his or her temporary stay in Japan:

- (a) legal services supplied by a lawyer qualified as "Bengoshi" under the laws and regulations of Japan;
- (b) legal advisory services on law of jurisdiction where the service supplier is a qualified lawyer

on condition that the service supplier is qualified as "Gaikokuho-Jimu-Bengoshi" under the laws and regulations of Japan;

- (c) legal services supplied by a patent attorney qualified as "Benrishi" under the laws and regulations of Japan;
- (d) legal services supplied by a maritime procedure agent qualified as "Kaijidairishi" under the laws and regulations of Japan;
- (e) accounting, auditing and bookkeeping services supplied by an accountant qualified as "Koninkaikeishi" under the laws and regulations of Japan;
- (f) taxation services supplied by a tax accountant qualified as "Zeirishi" under the laws and regulations of Japan;
- (g) legal services supplied by a judicial scrivener qualified as "Shiho-Shoshi" under the laws and regulations of Japan;
- (h) legal services supplied by an administrative scrivener qualified as "Gyosei-Shoshi" under the laws and regulations of Japan;
- (i) legal services supplied by a certified social insurance and labour consultant qualified as "Shakai-Hoken-Romushi" under the laws and regulations of Japan; or
- (j) legal services supplied by a land and house surveyor qualified as "Tochi-Kaoku-Chosashi" under the laws and regulations of Japan.

Section 4

Independent Professionals of Turkey

1. Entry and temporary stay for a period not exceeding five years, which may be extended, shall be granted to a natural person of Turkey who will engage in one of the following activities during his or her temporary stay in Japan on the basis of a personal contract with a public or private organisation in Japan which correspond to:

- (a) activities which require technology or knowledge at an advanced level pertinent to natural sciences, including physical sciences and engineering, or to human sciences, including

jurisprudence, economics, business management and accounting; or

(b) activities which require ideas and sensitivity based on culture of a country other than Japan,

recognised under the status of residence of "Engineer/Specialist in Humanities/International Services" provided for in the Immigration Control and Refugee Recognition Act (Cabinet Order No.319 of 1951, as amended).

2. The activities that require technology or knowledge at an advanced level pertinent to natural or human sciences referred to in subparagraph 1(a) mean the activities in which the natural person may not be able to engage without the application of specialized technology or knowledge of natural or human sciences acquired by him or her, in principle, by completing college education (i.e. bachelor's degree, associate's degree awarded through graduating from a junior college, or their equivalents) or higher education.